#### I Mina'Trentai Kuåttro Na Liheslaturan BILL STATUS

BILL NO.	SPONSOR	τπιε	DATE INTRODUCED	DATE REFERRED	CMTE REFERRED	PUBLIC HEARING DATE	DATE COMMITTEE REPORT FILED	FISCAL NOTES	NOTES
		AN ACT TO ADD CHAPTER 9A TO TITLE 17, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO CODIFVING STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO GUAM DEPARTIMENT OF EDUCATION SCHOOLS, AUTHORIZING DELEGATION OF STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES TO SCHOOL EMPLOYEES OTHER THAN HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS UNDER SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES, AND LIMITING LIABILITY OF PERSONNEL PROVIDING STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES AND ADMINISTERING EMERGENCY MEDICATION; TO BE KNOWN AS THE "STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES ACT."	12/27/17 1:42 p.m.	1/5/18	Committee on Appropriations and Adjudication	5/17/18 9:00 a.m.	6/22/18 8:42 a.m.	Fiscal Note Request 1/8/18 Fiscal Note 2/7/18	
224-34 (COR)	SESSION DATE	TITLE	DATE PASSED	TRANSMITTED	DUE DATE	PUBLIC LAW	DATE SIGNED		NOTES
	7/2/18	AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 9A TO TITLE 17 OF GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO CODIFYING THE STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO GUAM DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SCHOOLS, AUTHORIZING THE DELEGATION OF STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES TO SCHOOL EMPLOYEES OTHER THAN HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS UNDER SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES, AND LIMITING THE LIABILITY OF EMPLOYEES PROVIDING STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES AND ADMINISTERING EMERGENCY MEDICATION; TO BE KNOWN AS THE "EVIE YOUNG STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES ACT."	7/6/18	7/6/18 1:48 p.m.	7/18/18	34-114	7/18/18	Received: 7/18/18 Mess and Comm. Doc. No. 34GL-18-2102.	



EDDIE BAZA CALVO Governor

> **RAY TENORIO** Lieutenant Governor

> > 2018

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Office of the Governor Of Guam.

JUL 1 8 2018

Honorable Benjamin J.F. Cruz Speaker I Mina' trentai Kuåttro Na Liheslaturan Guåhan Guam Congress Building 163 Chalan Santo Papa Hagåtña, Guam 96910

GL#34-18-2102 Speaker Benjamin J.F. Cruz

JUL 1 8 2018 Time: 2:45[] AM MPM File No.\_\_\_\_\_ Received By:

Dear Mr. Speaker:

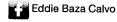
Transmitted herewith is Bill No. 224-34 (COR), "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 9A TO TITLE 17 GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO CODIFYING THE STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO GUAM DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SCHOOLS, AUTHORIZING THE DELEGATION OF STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES TO SCHOOL EMPLOYEES OTHER THAN HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS UNDER SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES, AND LIMITING THE LIABILITY OF EMPLOYEES PROVIDING STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES AND ADMINISTERING EMERGENCY MEDICATION; TO BE KNOWN AS THE 'EVIE YOUNG STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES ACT'," which was signed on July 18, 2018, as Public Law 34-114.

Senseramente,

EDDIE BAZA CALVO

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### I MINA'TRENTAI KUÅTTRO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2018 (SECOND) Regular Session

# **CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO I MAGA'LAHEN GUAHAN**

This is to certify that Bill No. 224-34 (COR), "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 9A TO TITLE 17 OF GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO CODIFYING THE STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO GUAM DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SCHOOLS, **AUTHORIZING THE DELEGATION OF STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES TO** SCHOOL EMPLOYEES OTHER THAN HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS UNDER SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES, AND LIMITING THE LIABILITY OF **EMPLOYEES** PROVIDING **STUDENT** HEALTH **SERVICES** AND ADMINISTERING EMERGENCY MEDICATION; TO BE KNOWN AS THE 'EVIE YOUNG STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES ACT'," was on the 6<sup>th</sup> day of July 2018, duly and regularly passed.

Benjamin J.F. Speaker

Attested:

ne Biscoe Lee

Legislative Secretary

This Act was received by I Maga'låhen Guåhan this day of JULY 2018.

at 1:48 o'clock P.M.

Assistant Staff Officer Maga'låhi's Office

**APPROVED:** 

EIÍWARD J.B. CALVO I Maga 'låhen Guåhan

Date:	JUL	1	8	2018		_
Public ]	Law No	2	3	7-1	14	

### I MINA'TRENTAI KUÅTTRO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2017 (FIRST) Regular Session

#### Bill No. 224-34 (COR)

As amended on the Floor.

Introduced by:

Mary Camacho Torres Thomas C. Ada FRANK B. AGUON, JR. William M. Castro B. J.F. Cruz James V. Espaldon Fernando Barcinas Esteves Régine Biscoe Lee Tommy Morrison Louise B. Muña Telena Cruz Nelson Dennis G. Rodriguez, Jr. Joe S. San Agustin Michael F.Q. San Nicolas Therese M. Terlaje

AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 9A TO TITLE 17 OF GUAM CODE ANNOTATED. RELATIVE TO **CODIFYING THE** STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES REQUIREMENTS **APPLICABLE** TO **GUAM** DEPARTMENT OF **EDUCATION** SCHOOLS, AUTHORIZING THE DELEGATION OF STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES TO SCHOOL **EMPLOYEES OTHER THAN HEALTH CARE PRACTITIONERS** UNDER SPECIFIC CIRCUMSTANCES, AND LIMITING THE LIABILITY OF **EMPLOYEES** PROVIDING STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES AND ADMINISTERING **EMERGENCY MEDICATION; TO BE KNOWN AS THE "EVIE YOUNG STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES ACT."** 

# 1

# BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative Findings. *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* finds that many
students with chronic health conditions or illnesses attend Guam's schools and

require medications that affect attendance or program participation. Guam
 Department of Education statistics show that more than one thousand seven hundred
 (1,700) students have asthma, more than one thousand two hundred (1,200) students
 have severe allergies, more than two hundred (200) students have a seizure disorder,
 and more than fifty (50) students have diabetes.

6 Asthma is a chronic condition requiring lifetime, ongoing medical 7 intervention. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, asthma 8 is a common cause of missed school days. Immediate and correct use of inhaled 9 bronchodilators and auto-injectable epinephrine is necessary to avoid serious 10 respiratory complications and improve health care outcomes.

11 An increasing number of students have life-threatening allergies. 12 Anaphylaxis, or anaphylactic shock, is a systemic allergic reaction that can kill 13 within minutes. According to the American Academy of Allergy, Asthma, and 14 Immunology, people who have experienced symptoms of anaphylaxis previously are 15 at risk for subsequent reactions and should carry an epinephrine auto-injector with 16 them at all times, if prescribed. Anaphylaxis requires prompt medical intervention 17 with an injection of epinephrine. Anaphylaxis occurs in some asthma patients.

18 Epilepsy is a chronic neurological condition characterized by recurrent 19 seizures. It is also called a seizure disorder. The severity of epilepsy and the type of seizure vary from person to person. Although there is no cure for epilepsy, 20 antiepileptic drugs successfully prevent seizures in the majority of people who take 21 them regularly and as prescribed. It has been estimated that seizures can be 22 23 completely controlled in fifty percent (50%) of individuals with epilepsy for substantial periods of time, while another twenty percent (20%) experience a 24 significant reduction in the number of seizures. 25

Diabetes is a chronic disease in which the body does not make or properly use insulin, a hormone needed to convert sugar, starches, and other food into energy.

Neither insulin nor other medications are cures for diabetes but are needed to help
 control the disease. If not treated appropriately, diabetes can lead to serious health
 problems. However, these problems can be greatly reduced or delayed by keeping
 blood glucose levels near normal. Monitoring blood glucose levels and taking
 medications when necessary are two (2) important factors involved in the day-to day management of diabetes.

In the case of allergies and anaphylaxis, asthma, seizure disorders and 7 diabetes, timely administration of medication can save a student's life. Due to the 8 large number of students who require medication, whether in the classroom, during 9 afterschool activities, or traveling to and from school functions, school nurses 10 sometimes need assistance to provide health services and administer medications. 11 Currently, school nurses are not authorized to delegate these tasks to nonmedical 12 personnel. Delegation is particularly vital in time-sensitive emergency situations 13 where the nurse may not be capable of responding within the initial moments that 14 matter the most. While teachers and other school employees have long wanted to 15 help, legal uncertainty has prevented them from doing so on Guam. This situation 16 17 places our students at risk.

# 18 Section 2. A new Chapter 9A is *added* to Title 17 of Guam Code Annotated, 19 to read as follows:

20 **"CHAPTER 9A** 21 STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES ACT 22 Article 1. General Provisions.Article 2. Student Health Services.Article 23 Administration of Medications.Article 4. 3. Specific Conditions.Article 5. Rights of Students and Parents. 24 25 **ARTICLE 1** 26 **GENERAL PROVISIONS** 27 § 9A101. Citation.

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- § 9A102. General Policy.

2 § 9A103. Definitions.

3 § 9A101. Citation.

4 This Chapter may be cited as the *Evie Young Student Health Services*5 Act.

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#### § 9A102. General Policy.

*I Liheslaturan Guåhan* declares that students with serious health conditions should not be prevented from receiving critical medications in the most expedient and safe manner possible. This Chapter *shall* be construed to facilitate unobstructed access to health services and administration of medicines, including during emergency events, for elementary and secondary school students in Guam Department of Education schools.

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#### § 9A103. Definitions.

14 As used in this Chapter:

(a) Anaphylaxis means an allergic reaction resulting from
 sensitization following prior contact with an antigen which can be a life threatening emergency. Anaphylaxis may be triggered by, among other
 agents, foods, drugs, injections, insect stings, and physical activity.

(b) Condition requiring prescribed medication includes any serious
 medical condition that requires prescribed medications, such as asthma,
 allergies placing the student at risk of anaphylaxis, a seizure disorder, or
 diabetes mellitus.

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(c) *Health care practitioner* means a physician or other health care provider who has prescriptive authority.

25 (d) *Health services* means the provision of direct health care,
26 including the administration of medication; the operation, maintenance, or

health care through the use of medical equipment; or the administration of clinical procedures.

(e) *Medications* means all medicines individually prescribed by a
health care practitioner that pertain to asthma or are used to treat anaphylaxis,
including, but not limited to, inhaled bronchodilators and auto-injectable
epinephrine; or that pertain to diabetes, including, but not limited to, Glucagon
or insulin; or that pertain to a seizure disorder.

8 (f) School employee means an individual working in association 9 with a Guam Department of Education school, not to include employees of 10 charter schools, parochial schools, or Department of Defense schools.

(g) Self-administration means the student's use of his or her
 prescribed medication, pursuant to a prescription or written direction from a
 health care practitioner.

14 (h) *Superintendent* means the Superintendent of the Guam
15 Department of Education.

**ARTICLE 2** 

#### STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES

18 § 9A201. Student Health Services.

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19 § 9A202. Provision of Health Services, Delegation.

20 § 9A201. Student Health Services.

(a) The Guam Department of Education *shall* provide leadership and
assistance to schools relating to student health services. The Department, working
in cooperation with the Department of Public Health and Social Services, *shall*provide, contract for services, or identify resources to improve student health
services, including, but not limited to, the following:

standardized protocols and guidelines for health procedures to be (1)performed by health care practitioners and school employees. The protocols and guidelines *shall* include, but *not* be limited, to the following:

- the delegation of nursing functions consistent with (A) administrative rules and regulations promulgated by the Guam Board of Nurse Examiners to the extent that such rules and regulations are not inconsistent with this Chapter;
- training of designated nonmedical school employees; and 9 appropriate documentation and recordkeeping, including, (C) but not limited to, notification to school administrators and parents or 10 guardians of the provision of health services by a school employee, 11 including certification of medical necessity for health services signed 12 13 by a health care practitioner, and informed consent by a parent or 14 guardian for the provision of health services.

15 A copy of the protocols and guidelines shall be made available to every Department of Education school and shall be maintained by 16 17 each school in a publicly available place:

consultation, technical assistance, and development of quality 18 (2)improvement measures for the Superintendent and individual Guam 19 20 Department of Education schools;

21 facilitation of data collection and reporting of school health (3)22 services; and

23 information and resources that relate to the provision of school (4)24 health services.

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The Guam Department of Education shall establish or designate a 25 (b) position to assist in carrying out the responsibilities required under Subsection (a) of 26

this Section. The position may be established or designated using existing personnel
resources, or by contract, with an individual who:

(1) holds, at a minimum, a bachelor's degree in nursing with a master's degree in nursing or a related field from an accredited postsecondary institution; and

(2) is a registered nurse licensed under the provisions of Chapter 12 of Title 10, Guam Code Annotated.

# § 9A202. Provision of Health Services, Delegation.

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- (a) Health services *shall* be provided in a school setting by:
- 10 (1) a physician who is licensed under the provisions of Chapter 12
  11 of Title 10, Guam Code Annotated;

(2) an advanced practice registered nurse, registered nurse, or
licensed practical nurse who is licensed under the provisions of Chapter 12 of
Title 10, Guam Code Annotated;

(3) a non-licensed health technician that has the administration of
health services in his or her contract or job description as a job responsibility,
and who is delegated responsibility to perform the health service by a
physician, an advanced practice registered nurse, or a registered nurse, and
has been trained and approved, in writing, by the delegating physician or
delegating nurse for delegable health services; or

(4) a school employee who is delegated responsibility to perform the
 health service by a physician, an advanced practice registered nurse, or a
 registered nurse; and

(A) has been trained by the delegating physician or delegating nurse for the specific health service, if that health service is one that could be delegated by the physician or nurse within his or her scope of practice; and

1 has been approved, in writing, by the delegating physician **(B)** 2 or delegating nurse. The approval shall state that the school employee 3 consents to perform the health service when the employee does not have 4 the administration of health services in his or her contract or job 5 description as a job responsibility, possesses sufficient training and 6 skills, and has demonstrated competency to safely and effectively 7 perform the health service. The school employee shall acknowledge receipt of training by signing the approval form. A copy of the approval 8 9 form shall be maintained in the corresponding student's record and the 10 personnel file of the school employee. A delegation to a school 11 employee under this paragraph shall be valid only for the current school 12 year. Nothing in this Section shall be construed to require a school 13 employee to consent to provide health services when the employee does not have the administration of health services in his or her contract or 14 15 job description as a job responsibility.

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If at any time no school employee meeting the qualifications of (b) Subsection (a) of this Section is available, the Superintendent shall make any 17 necessary arrangement for the provision of the health services in order to prevent a 18 loss of a health service from affecting students' attendance or program participation. 19

20 Limitation of Liability. A school employee who has been properly (c) delegated responsibility for performing a health service under this Section shall act 21 as an agent of the school and be granted liability protection under the Paul P. 22 Coverdell Teacher Liability Protection Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-110), unless 23 the claimant establishes by clear and convincing evidence that harm was proximately 24 caused by an act or omission of the school employee that constitutes gross 25 negligence, willful or criminal misconduct, or a conscious, flagrant indifference to 26 27 the rights or safety of the individual harmed.

Nothing in this Section shall be construed to deny a student his or her 1 (d) right to attend a Guam Department of Education school and to receive public school 2 services, or to deny, prohibit, or limit the administration of emergency first aid or 3 emergency procedures. 4 5 **ARTICLE 3** 6 **ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATIONS** 7 Student Self-Administration and Possession of Medications. § 9A301. Administration of Medications by School Employees. 8 § 9A302. 9 § 9A301. Student Self-Administration and Possession of Medications. (a) The Superintendent *shall* permit the self-administration of medications 10 by a student with a condition requiring prescribed medication if the student's parent 11 12 or guardian: 13 (1)provides a written authorization to the school for the student to self-administer prescribed medication; and 14 15 provides a written statement from the student's health care (2)practitioner that the student has a condition requiring prescribed medication 16 and has been instructed in self-administration of the student's prescribed 17 medications to treat the condition. The statement shall also contain the 18 19 following information: 20 the name and purpose of the medication; (A) 21 the prescribed dosage; **(B)** 22 (C) the route of administration: the frequency or precise times in which the medication 23 (D) 24 may be administered; 25 the circumstances under which the medication may be **(E)** 26 administered; and

- (F) the length of time for which the medications are prescribed.
- 3 (b) Recordkeeping. The statements required in Subsection (a) of this
  4 Section *shall* be kept on file in the office of the school nurse or school administrator.
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(c) Limitation of Liability.

Disclosure. The Superintendent shall inform the parent or 6 (1)guardian of the student that the government of Guam, the school, and its 7 employees and agents shall incur no liability, except as provided in this 8 9 Chapter, as a result of any injury sustained by the student from the selfadministration of his or her prescribed medications, unless the injury is the 10 result of gross negligence, willful or criminal misconduct, or a conscious, 11 flagrant indifference to the rights or safety of the individual harmed on behalf 12 13 of the school or its employees or agents.

- 14 (2)Acknowledgment. The parent or guardian of the student shall sign a statement acknowledging that the government of Guam and the school 15 shall incur no liability, except as provided in this Chapter, and the parent or 16 guardian shall indemnify and hold harmless the government of Guam, the 17 school, and its employees and agents against any claims relating to the self-18 administration of prescribed medications, unless the injury is the result of 19 gross negligence, willful or criminal misconduct, or a conscious, flagrant 20 indifference to the rights or safety of the individual harmed on behalf of the 21 22 school or its employees or agents.
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(d) Upon request by the parent or student, the student *shall* have access to a private area for self-administering prescribed medication.

(e) Renewal of Permission. The permission for self-administration of
medications *shall* be effective for the school year in which it is granted and *shall* be

renewed each following school year upon fulfilling the requirements of Subsections
 (a), (b), and (c) of this Section.

(f) Possession of Medication. Upon fulfilling the requirements of Subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this Section, a student with a condition requiring prescribed medication may possess and use prescribed medications when at school, during school-sponsored activities, or before and after normal school activities, including school-sponsored child care or afterschool programs and travel to and from any school-sponsored activity.

9 Diabetes Care Tasks. Upon fulfilling the requirements of Subsections (g) 10 (a), (b), and (c) of this Section, a student with diabetes *shall* be permitted to perform blood glucose checks, administer insulin through the insulin delivery system the 11 student uses, treat hypoglycemia, and otherwise attend to the care and management 12 13 of his or her diabetes when at school, during school-sponsored activities, or before and after normal school activities, including school-sponsored child care or 14 afterschool programs. A student shall be permitted to possess on his or her person at 15 all times necessary supplies and equipment to perform these monitoring and 16 treatment functions. Upon request by the parent or student, the student shall have 17 access to a private area for performing diabetes care tasks. Any training of a school 18 19 employee in diabetes care tasks shall be fully consistent with training programs and guidelines developed by the American Diabetes Association. 20

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# § 9A302. Administration of Medications by School Employees.

(a) The Superintendent *shall* have at least one (1) school employee at each
school who has met the requirements of § 9A202 on duty during the entire school
day, including any afterschool programs, to administer or assist with the
administration of the following medications:

(1) inhaled bronchodilator to a student with asthma as noted in the health care practitioner's written statement under Subsection (c)(2) of this Section;

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- (2) epinephrine auto-injector to a student with asthma or a documented life-threatening allergy who is experiencing anaphylaxis or other conditions noted in the health care practitioner's written statement under Subsection (c)(2) of this Section;
- 8 (3) glucagon subcutaneously to a student with diabetes who is
  9 experiencing hypoglycemia or other conditions noted in the health care
  10 practitioner's written statement under Subsection (c)(2) of this Section;

(4) insulin subcutaneously to a student, through the insulin delivery
 method used by the student and at the times and under the conditions noted in
 the health care practitioner's written statement under Subsection (c)(2) of this
 Section; and

(5) a seizure rescue medication approved by the United States Food
 and Drug Administration and any successor agency to a student with a seizure
 disorder who is experiencing a seizure or other condition noted in the health
 care practitioner's written statement under Subsection (c)(2) of this Section.

(b) Training. For those assigned the duties under Subsection (a) of this Section, training provided under § 9A202(a)(3) or (4) *shall* include instruction in administering the medications described under Subsection (a) of this Section, as well as recognition of the signs and symptoms of the conditions associated with those medications and the appropriate steps to be taken to respond to the symptoms of asthma, anaphylaxis, hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia, and seizures.

(c) Required Written Statements. Prior to administering or assisting with
the administration of any of the medications listed under Subsection (a) of this

Section to a student by a school employee qualified under § 9A202(a), the student's 1 2 parent or guardian shall: 3 provide the school with a written authorization for the school (1)employee to administer the medication at school; 4 provide a written statement from the student's health care 5 (2)practitioner that the student has a condition requiring prescribed medication. 6 7 The statement shall also contain the following information: 8 (A) the name and purpose of the medication: 9 the prescribed dosage; **(B)** 10 (C) the route of administration; 11 the frequency or precise times in which the medication (D) 12 may be administered; 13 the circumstances under which the medication may be (E) 14 administered; and 15 the length of time for which the medications are (F) 16 prescribed; and provide the prescribed medication to the school in its unopened, 17 (3)sealed package with the label affixed by the dispensing pharmacy intact. 18 19 The statements required in Subsection (c) of this Section shall be kept (d) on file in the office of the school nurse or school administrator. 20 21 (e) Limitation on Liability. 22 (1)Disclosure. The Superintendent shall inform the parent or guardian of the student that the government of Guam, the school, and its 23 employees and agents shall incur no liability, except as provided in this 24 Chapter, as a result of any injury sustained by the student resulting from acts 25 or omissions related to the administration or the assistance in administration 26 of any medication listed under Subsection (a) of this Section or from any 27

reaction to any of the medications listed under Subsection (a) of this Section that a parent or guardian has authorized the school to administer to a student, unless the injury is the result of gross negligence, willful or criminal misconduct, or a conscious, flagrant indifference to the rights or safety of the individual harmed on behalf of the school or its employees or agents.

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6 Acknowledgment. The parent or guardian of the student shall (2)7 sign a written statement acknowledging that the government of Guam and the 8 school shall incur no liability, except as provided in this Chapter, and the 9 parent or guardian shall indemnify and hold harmless the government of Guam, the school, and its employees and agents against any claims made for 10 any injury sustained by the student resulting from acts or omissions related to 11 the administration or the assistance in administration of any of the medications 12 13 listed under Subsection (a) of this Section or from any reaction to any of the medications listed under Subsection (a) of this Section that a parent or 14 guardian has authorized the school to administer to a student, unless the injury 15 is the result of gross negligence, willful or criminal misconduct, or a 16 conscious, flagrant indifference to the rights or safety of the individual harmed 17 18 on behalf of the school or its employees or agents.

(f) Renewal. Permission for the administration of any of the medications
listed under Subsection (a) of this Section *shall* be effective for the school year in
which it is granted, and *shall* be renewed each following school year.

(g) Expiration Dates. The school nurse or school administrator *shall* check
the expiration date monthly for each medication listed under Subsection (a) of this
Section that is in the possession of the school. At least one (1) month prior to the
expiration date of each medication, the school nurse or school administrator *shall*inform the parent or guardian of the expiration date.

1 (h) The requirements of Subsections (a) to (g) of this Section *shall* apply 2 only to a school that has, only to the extent that it has, a student enrolled who has a 3 condition requiring the prescribed medication listed under Subsection (a) of this 4 Section prescribed by the student's health care practitioner.

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(i) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to require a school employee to consent to administer medications to a student if the employee does not otherwise consent to provide the health service under § 9A202(a).

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(j) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary:

9 (1) the administration of any one or more of the medications listed 10 under Subsection (a) of this Section by school employees *shall not* constitute 11 the practice of nursing and *shall* be exempt from all applicable statutory and 12 regulatory provisions that restrict the activities that may be delegated to or 13 performed by a person who is not a licensed health care practitioner; and

14 (2) a licensed health care practitioner may provide training to or
15 supervise school employees in the administration of any one or more of the
16 medications listed under Subsection (a) of this Section.

#### **ARTICLE 4**

#### **SPECIFIC CONDITIONS**

19 § 9A401. Life-threatening Allergies.

#### § 9A401. Life-threatening Allergies.

(a) A student who has a documented life-threatening allergy *shall* have:

(1) an epinephrine auto-injector provided by his or her parent or
guardian in his or her possession or in the possession of the school nurse,
school administrator, or his or her designee, in all school environments that
the student may be in, including, but not limited to, the classroom, the
cafeteria, the school bus, and on field trips; and

1 (2) a written individual health care plan in place for the prevention 2 and proactive management for the student in all school environments that the 3 student may be in, including, but not limited to, the classroom, the cafeteria, 4 the school bus, and on field trips. The individual health care plan required 5 under this paragraph may be incorporated in the student's individualized 6 education program required under Public Law 94-142, or the student's 504 7 plan required under Public Law 93-112.

8 (b) Each school is encouraged to keep an epinephrine auto-injector in a 9 minimum of two (2) locations in the school, including, but not limited to, the school office and the school cafeteria, so that epinephrine may be administered to any 10 student believed to be having a life-threatening allergic or anaphylactic reaction. 11 Schools electing to keep epinephrine auto-injectors shall maintain them in a secure, 12 accessible, but unlocked location. The provisions of this Subsection shall apply to 13 the extent that the epinephrine auto-injectors are donated to a school, or a school has 14 sufficient funding to purchase the epinephrine auto-injectors. 15

(c) Policies and Procedures. Each school electing to keep epinephrine autoinjectors *shall* implement policies and procedures for managing a student's lifethreatening allergic or anaphylactic reaction developed and approved by the Guam
Education Board.

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#### **ARTICLE 5**

#### **RIGHTS OF STUDENT AND PARENTS**

- 22 § 9A501. Right of Equal Access.
- 23 § 9A502. Prohibition on Parental Requirements.
- 24 § 9A501. Right of Equal Access.

The Superintendent *shall* permit a student who has a condition requiring prescribed medication to attend the same school the student would attend if the student did not have the condition. Such a student may only be transferred to a

different school based on health care needs if the individualized education program 1 team, the Section 504 team, or, if appropriate, the student's health services team, 2 makes the determination that the student's health condition requires that the 3 student's care be provided by a licensed health care practitioner at a different school. 4 5 For the purpose of this determination, the teams shall include the parent or guardian. 6 The parent or guardian may invite the student's treating physician to the team meeting and the team shall consider the physician's input, whether in person or in 7 written form, when making this determination. This determination shall be based on 8 individualized factors related to the student's health conditions. The Superintendent 9 shall not prohibit a student who has a condition requiring prescribed medication 10 from attending any school on the sole basis that: 11

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(a) the student has a condition requiring prescribed medication;

- (b) the school does not have a full-time school nurse; or
- 14 (c) the school does not have school employees who are trained in
  15 accordance with § 9A202 and assigned to provide care.
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## § 9A502. Prohibition on Parental Requirements.

Parents or guardians of a student who has a condition requiring prescribed medication *shall not* be required or pressured to provide care for the student during regular school hours or during school-related activities in which the student is a participant. For the purposes of this Section, a participant is not a student who merely observes the school-related activity."